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hich of the following groups has the primary responsibility for establishing generally accepted accounting principles for business entities in the Unit	ed
ates?	

O Securities and Exchange Commission

U.S. Congress

O International Accounting Standards Board

→ ○ Financial Accounting Standards Board

The Financial Accounting Standards Board is a privately funded group charged with establishing accounting standards for the U.S. It is not a branch of the U.S. government.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits society.

2. Award: 1.00 point

The Heritage Company is a manufacturer of office furniture. Which term best describes Heritage's role in society?

→ O Business

Regulatory agency

O Consumer

Resource owner

Businesses transform basic resources provided by resource owners into goods and services that consumers demand. Regulatory agencies set policies that affect the way that businesses operate.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits society.

3. Award: 1.00 point

Which resource providers lend financial resources to a business with the expectation of repayment with interest?

Consumers

→ O Creditors

Investors

Owners

Businesses borrow money from creditors, and repay the amount borrowed, plus, when applicable, an additional fee known as interest. Investors, in contrast, provide financial resources in exchange for ownership interest in the business.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits society.

Which type of	of accounting	information is	intended to	satisfy the	needs of	external	users of	accounting information	?

Ocst accounting

Managerial accounting

Tax accounting

→ O Financial accounting

Financial accounting is intended to satisfy the needs of external users of accounting information. Managerial accounting, including cost accounting, is intended for the needs of internal users, or managers, of a business. Tax accounting is specifically intended for tax regulatory agencies.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits society.
		society.

5. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following is **false** regarding managerial accounting information?

→ O It is often used by investors.

It is more detailed than financial accounting information.

It can include nonfinancial information.

It focuses on divisional rather than overall profitability.

Managerial accounting provides information primarily for internal users, or managers, of businesses. Managers require more detailed information about a business than do external users, and sometimes that information is nonfinancial in nature. Managerial accounting information focuses on divisional rather than overall profitability and is not typically made available to external users, such as investors.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits
		society.

6. Award: 1.00 point

Financial accounting standards are known collectively as GAAP. What does that acronym stand for?

→ O Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

O Generally Applied Accounting Procedures

O Governmentally Approved Accounting Practices

Generally Authorized Auditing Principles

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (referred to as GAAP) are established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits
		society.

International accounting standards are formulated by the IASB. What does that acronym stand for?

O Internationally Accepted Standards Board

→ O International Accounting Standards Board

O International Accountability Standards Bureau

International Accounting and Sustainability Board

The International Accounting Standards Board establishes accounting standards for most countries outside of the U.S.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-01 Identify the ways accounting benefits society.
		Society.

8. Award: 1.00 point

Jack Henry borrowed \$800,000 from Walt Bank to open a new bike store called Wooden Wheels. Jack transferred \$650,000 of the cash that he borrowed to the store on the first day of the year. How many reporting entities exist in this scenario?

One reporting entity

Two reporting entities

→

Three reporting entities

O Four reporting entities

The three reporting entities are Jack Henry, Walt Bank, and Wooden Wheels. A separate set of accounting records would be kept for each entity.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-02 Identify reporting entities.	
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9. Award: 1.00 point

Jack Henry borrowed \$800,000 from Walt Bank to open a new bike store called Wooden Wheels. Jack transferred \$650,000 of the cash he borrowed to Wooden Wheels on the first day of the year. Which of the following appropriately reflects the cash transactions between these reporting entities?

Option	Jack Henry	Wooden Wheels	Walt Bank
A.	\$ 150,000 increase	\$ 650,000 increase	\$ 800,000 decrease
B.	\$ 800,000 increase	\$ 650,000 increase	\$ 150,000 decrease
C.	\$ 800,000 decrease	\$ 800,000 increase	\$ 650,000 decrease
D.	\$ 650,000 increase	\$ 150,000 increase	\$ 800,000 decrease

→ Option A

Option B

Option C

Option D

Jack Henry's cash increase of \$150,000 is calculated by subtracting the \$650,000 in cash he transferred to Wooden Wheels from the \$800,000 in cash he borrowed from Walt Bank. Wooden Wheels will report an increase in cash of \$650,000 from the transfer of cash from Jack Henry. Finally, Walt Bank will report a decrease in cash of \$800,000 due to the loan it provided Jack Henry.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-02 Identify reporting entities.

12.

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Ellen Gatsby and her siblings, Ben and Sarah, started Gatsby Company when they each invested \$100,000 in the company. After the investments there will be					
One reporting entity					
Two reporting entities	i				
O Three reporting entities	es				
→ O Four reporting entities	5				
The four reporting entities are	Ellen Gatsby, her siblings Ben and Sar	rah, and Gatsby Company.			
References					
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-02 Identify reporting entities.			
manapro onero	,.				
Award: 1.00 point					
Which of the following is an ac	ccurate definition of the term "asset?"				
An obligation to credit	tors				
→ O A resource that will be	e used to produce revenue				
A transfer of wealth from	om the business to its stockholders				
A sacrifice incurred from	om operating the business				
conducting operations, a busin	ness uses some assets in order to proc ash from a customer. The cash receive	Examples include cash, inventory, equipment, building, land, etc. In the place greater quantities of other assets. For example, Walmart may use (sed is revenue. In this case, the remaining inventory is a resource (asset) the second control of the	sell) some of its		
References					
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation.			
Award: 1.00 point					
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\					
which of the following is (are) s	source(s) of assets to a business?				
Creditors					
O Investors					
Operations					
→ ○ All the answers repres	sent sources of assets.				
	three sources. They acquire assets fro ource transactions increase total assets	om owners (stockholders); they borrow assets from creditors; and they ess and total claims.	arn assets through		
References					

Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation.

If total asset	s decrease	, then which	of the fo	ollowing	statements is true?	
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O Liabilities must increase and retained earnings must decrease.

O Common stock must decrease and retained earnings must increase.

→ O Liabilities, common stock, or retained earnings must decrease.

Liabilities, common stock, or retained earnings must increase.

If total assets decrease, then assets were used. Since the accounting equation must balance (i.e. assets must equal claims), the decrease on the asset (left) side of the accounting equation must be offset by a decrease on the claims (right) side of the equation. Since liabilities, common stock, and retained earnings appear on the right side of the equation, a decrease in an asset account must be offset by a decrease in one of these right-side accounts.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting
		equation.

14. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following statements about liabilities is true?

O They represent obligations to repay debts.

They may increase when assets increase.

They are found on the claims side of the accounting equation.

→ All of the answers are characteristics of liabilities.

When a business borrows money from a creditor it accepts an obligation (liability) to repay the money to the creditor in the future. Borrowing money causes the business' assets and its liabilities to increase. In the accounting equation, assets must equal claims. Liabilities and stockholders' equity represent the claims on assets.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting
		equation.

15. Award: 1.00 point

Which term describes assets generated through operations that have been reinvested into the business?

Liability

Dividend

O Common stock

→ Retained earnings

When a company has an increase in assets generated through operations and chooses to reinvest the profits into the business it is referred to as retained earnings. If the business chooses to distribute the increase in assets from operations to the owners of the business, it is called a dividend. A liability would represent an obligation to repay debt to an external party. Common stock represents the proportionate share of ownership each stockholder has in the business.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation.

18.

Which of the following is an accurate depiction of the accounting equation?
→ O Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock + Retained Earnings
Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock - Expenses
Assets = Liabilities + Retained Earnings - Dividends
Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock + Dividends
The accounting equation expresses the equality between a business's assets and the claims on its assets. The accounting equation can be developed as follows: Assets = Claims Assets = Liabilities + Stockholders' Equity Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock + Retained Earnings
References
Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation.
Award: 1.00 point
Which term describes a distribution of the business's assets back to the owners of the business? Liability Dividend Retained earnings Common stock When a company redistributes its assets back to the owners of the business it is referred to as a dividend. A liability would represent an obligation to repay debt to an external party. Retained earnings are the profits that have been retained within the company rather than distributed to the owners. Common stock represents the proportionate share of ownership each stockholder has in the company. References Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation. Award: 1.00 point
Finn Company reported assets of \$1,000 and stockholders' equity of \$600. What amount will Finn report for liabilities? \$400 \$600 \$1,600 Cannot be determined In the accounting equation, assets equal claims (liabilities + stockholders' equity). If assets are \$1,000, total claims must also be \$1,000. Therefore, liabilities must be \$1,000 - \$600, or \$400.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation.

Which of the	following	items	is an	example	of	revenue?

Cash received from a bank loan

O Cash received from investors from the sale of common stock

→ O Cash received from customers at the time services were provided

O Cash received from the sale of land for its original selling price

Cash received from providing services to customers is an example of revenue, and is an asset source transaction. Cash received from a bank loan results in a liability, notes payable. Cash investments made by owners increase the stockholders' equity account common stock. Cash received from the sale of land for its original selling price is an asset exchange transaction that decreases one asset, land, and increases another asset, cash.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

20. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following is **not** an element of the financial statements?

Net income

Revenue

Assets

→ O Cash

Cash is not an element of the financial statements. It is an account that is part of the element assets.

References

 Multiple Choice
 Difficulty: 2 Medium
 Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting equation.

21. Award: 1.00 point

The balance sheet of the Algonquin Company reported assets of \$50,000, liabilities of \$22,000 and common stock of \$15,000. Based on this information only, what is the amount of retained earnings?

\$7,000.

\$57,000.

→ ○ \$13,000

\$87,000.

 $Assets = Liabilities + Stockholders' \ Equity; Stockholders' \ equity includes \ common \ stock \ and \ retained \ earnings. \\ \$50,000 = \$22,000 + \$15,000 + Retained \ earnings; Retained \ earnings = \$13,000$

References

Multiple Choice

Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 01-07

Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a

balance sheet.

Stosch Company's balance sheet reported assets of \$62,000, liabilities of \$19,000 and common stock of \$16,000 as of December 31, Year 1. If Retained
Earnings on the balance sheet as of December 31, Year 2, amount to \$34,000 and Stosch paid a \$18,000 dividend during Year 2, then the amount of ne
income for Year 2 was which of the following?

\$7,000

→ () \$25,000

\$27,000

\$18,000

If assets on December 31, Year 1 totaled \$62,000, total claims (including liabilities, common stock, and retained earnings) on that date must have also been \$62,000. If liabilities were \$19,000 and common stock was \$16,000, retained earnings on December 31, Year 1 must have been \$27,000. At the end of Year 2, the company reported \$34,000 in retained earnings, a \$7,000 increase. During Year 2, Stosch paid a \$18,000 cash dividend, which reduced retained earnings. Therefore, Year 2 net income must have been \$7,000 greater than the dividend paid. \$18,000 + \$7,000 = \$25,000.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance shee

23. Award: 1.00 point

Stosch Company's balance sheet reported assets of \$40,000, liabilities of \$15,000 and common stock of \$12,000 as of December 31, Year 1. If Retained Earnings on the balance sheet as of December 31, Year 2, amount to \$18,000 and Stosch paid a \$14,000 dividend during Year 2, then the amount of net income for Year 2 was which of the following?

\$17,000

→ ○ \$19,000

\$13,000

\$21,000

If assets on December 31, Year 1 totaled \$40,000, total claims (including liabilities, common stock, and retained earnings) on that date must have also been \$40,000. If liabilities were \$15,000 and common stock was \$12,000, retained earnings on December 31, Year 1 must have been \$13,000. At the end of Year 2, the company reported \$18,000 in retained earnings, a \$5,000 increase. During Year 2, Stosch paid a \$14,000 cash dividend, which reduced retained earnings. Therefore, Year 2 net income must have been \$5,000 greater than the dividend paid. \$14,000 + \$5,000 = \$19,000.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 3 Hard

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet

24. Award: 1.00 point

Hazeltine Company issued common stock for \$200,000 cash. As a result of this event, which of the following statements is true?

O Assets increased.

Stockholders' equity increased.

O Claims increased.

→ O Assets, claims, and stockholders' equity all increased.

Issuing common stock increases both assets (cash) and stockholders' equity (common stock). Stockholders' equity and liabilities collectively make up claims in the accounting equation.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

If Ballard Company	reported as	ssets of \$500	and liabilities	of \$200	Rallard's	stockholders!	equity equals:

→ ○ \$300.

\$500.

\$700.

Cannot be determined.

In the accounting equation, assets equal claims (liabilities + stockholders' equity). If assets are \$500, total claims must also be \$500. Therefore, stockholders' equity must be (\$500 - \$200), or \$300.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-03 Identify the elements of the accounting
		equation.

26. Award: 1.00 point

If a company's total assets increased while liabilities and common stock were unchanged, then which of the following statements is true?

→ ○ Revenues were greater than expenses.

Retained earnings were less than net income during the period.

No dividends were paid during the period.

The company must have purchased assets with cash.

If a company's total assets increased while liabilities and common stock were unchanged, retained earnings must have increased. In order for retained earnings to increase, the company must have reported net income as a result of revenues exceeding expenses.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the
		accounting equation.

27. Award: 1.00 point

Li Company paid cash to purchase land. As a result of this accounting event, which of the following statements is true?

O Total assets decreased.

→ O Total assets were unaffected.

O Total stockholders' equity decreased.

O Both assets and total stockholders' equity decreased.

Paying cash for land is an asset exchange transaction that increases one asset (land) and decreases another asset (land). The result is no overall change in total assets.

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-06 Classify business events as asset source, use, or exchange transactions.

Wyatt Company was formed on January 1, Year 1, when it acquired \$50,000 cash from issuing common stock. Which of the following shows the impact of this transaction on Wyatt's accounting equation?

	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
A.	+/-		n/a		n/a
B.	+		n/a		+
C.	-		n/a		-
D.	+		+		n/a

Option A

→ Option B

Option C

Option D

Acquiring cash from issuing common stock will increase assets (Cash) and increase stockholders' equity (Common Stock). There is no impact on liabilities.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
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29. Award: 1.00 point

Wing Company borrowed \$70,000 cash from Metropolitan Bank. Which of the following shows the impact of this transaction on Wing's accounting equation?

	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
A.	+/-		n/a		n/a
B.	+		n/a		+
C.	-		n/a		-
D.	+		+		n/a

Option A

Option B

Option C

→ O Option D

Borrowing cash from the bank will increase assets (Cash) and increase liabilities (Notes Payable). There is no impact on stockholders' equity.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

Wing Company provided services for \$30,000 cash. Which of the following shows the impact of this transaction on Wing's accounting equation?

	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
A.	+/-		n/a		n/a
B.	+		n/a		+
C.	-		n/a		-
D.	+		+		n/a

Option A

→ Option B

Option C

Option D

Providing services for cash is considered revenue. The cash revenue increases assets (Cash) and stockholders' equity (Retained Earnings).

References

 Multiple Choice
 Difficulty: 1 Easy
 Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

31. Award: 1.00 point

Wing Company paid \$20,000 cash in salaries to its employees. Which of the following shows the impact of this transaction on Wing's accounting equation?

	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
A.	+/-		n/a		n/a
B.	+		n/a		+
C.	-		n/a		_
D.	+		+		n/a

Option B

Option A

→ Option C

Option D

An economic sacrifice a business incurs in the process of generating revenue is called an expense. The asset account Cash decreases and the stockholders' equity account retained earnings decreases.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

Wing Company paid \$5,000 cash to purchase land. Which of the following shows the impact of this transaction on Wing's accounting equation?

	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
A.	+/-		n/a		n/a
B.	+		n/a		+
C.	-		n/a		_
D.	+		+		n/a

-	Option	۸
\rightarrow	Option	P

Option B

Option C

Option D

Purchasing land for cash is an asset exchange transaction. The asset account Cash decreases and the asset account land increases. There is no impact on liabilities or stockholders' equity.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the
		accounting equation.

33. Award: 1.00 point

Turner Company reported assets of \$20,000 (including cash of \$9,000), liabilities of \$8,000, common stock of \$7,000, and retained earnings of \$5,000. Based on this information, what can be concluded?

- 25% of Turner's assets are the result of prior earnings.
- \$5,000 is the maximum dividend that can be paid to shareholders.
- 0 40% of Turner's assets are the result of borrowing from creditors.
- → 25% of Turner's assets are from prior earnings, \$5,000 is the maximum possible dividend, and 40% of assets are the result of borrowed resources.

Retained earnings of \$5,000 is equal to 25% of the company's assets, indicating that 25% of Turner's assets are from prior earnings. \$8,000, or 40%, of Turner's assets are liabilities, indicating that those assets are the result of borrowed resources. A company can pay out no more in dividends than it has in its retained earnings account.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-05 Interpret information shown in an
		accounting equation.

34 Award: 1.00 point

At the time of liquidation, Fairchild Company reported assets of \$200,000, liabilities of \$120,000, common stock of \$90,000 and retained earnings of (\$10,000). What amount of Fairchild's assets are the shareholders entitled to receive?

\$200,000

→ ○ \$80,000

\$90,000

\$100,000

Creditors receive first priority in asset distribution during a business liquidation. Therefore, creditors would collect the \$120,000 owed to them, leaving the shareholders with the remaining \$80,000.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 01-05 Interpret information shown in an accounting equation.

As of December 31, Year	r 2, Bristol Company ha	d \$100,000 of assets	, \$40,000	of liabilities and	\$25,000 d	of retained ea	rnings. Wh	nat percentage o	of Bristol's
assets were obtained from	om investors?								

O 60%

O 25%

O 40%

→ ○ 35%

If assets total \$100,000, claims must also total \$100,000. Claims include liabilities, common stock and retained earnings. Because liabilities and retained earnings equal \$65,000, common stock must be \$35,000. The common stock account represents the assets that were obtained through investors. \$35,000 is 35% of \$100,000.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-05 Interpret information shown in an
		accounting equation.

36. Award: 1.00 point

On January 1, Year 2, Chavez Company had beginning balances as follows:

Assets	= \$12,500
Liabilities	= \$ 4,500
Common Stock	= \$ 3,000

During Year 2, Chavez paid dividends to its stockholders of \$2,000. Given that ending retained earnings was \$6,000, what was Chavez's net income for the

→ ○ \$3,000

\$5,000

\$7,000

\$2,000

On January 1, Year 2:

Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock + Retained Earnings \$12,500 = \$4,500 + \$3,000 + Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings = \$5,000

During Year 2:

Beginning retained earnings + Net income – Dividends = Ending retained earnings \$5,000 + Net Income – \$2,000 = \$6,000

Net Income = \$3,000

References

Multiple Choice Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the

accounting equation.

Difficulty: 3 Hard Learning Objective: 01-07

Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

The transaction, '	"provided	services fo	r cash,'	affects	which	two	accounts?
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Revenue and Expense

→ Cash and Revenue

O Cash and Expense

O Cash and Dividends

Providing services for cash increases a company's assets (cash) and stockholders' equity (revenue, which closes to retained earnings).

References

 Multiple Choice
 Difficulty: 1 Easy
 Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

38. Award: 1.00 point

During the year, Millstone Company earned \$6,500 of cash revenue, paid cash dividends of \$1,000 to stockholders and paid \$4,000 for cash expenses. Liabilities were unchanged. Which of the following accurately describes the effect of these events on the elements of the company's financial statements?

Assets increased by \$6,500.

→ O Assets increased by \$1,500.

Stockholders' equity increased by \$2,500.

Assets increased by \$5,500.

Change in stockholders' equity = Revenue - Expenses - Dividends Change in stockholders' equity = \$6,500 - \$4,000 - \$1,000 = \$1,500 If there was no change in liabilities, the change in assets must also equal \$1,500.

References

 Multiple Choice
 Difficulty: 2 Medium
 Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

At the end of Year 2, retained earnings for the Baker Company was \$3,650. Revenue earned by the company in Year 2 was \$3,900, expenses paid during the period were \$2,050, and dividends paid during the period were \$1,450. Based on this information alone, what was the amount of retained earnings at the beginning of Year 2?

\$7,800

\$4,050

→ ○ \$3,250

\$1,800

Beginning Retained Earnings + Revenue - Expenses - Dividends = Ending Retained Earnings

Beginning Retained Earnings + \$3,900 - \$2,050 - \$1,450 = \$3,650

Beginning Retained Earnings = \$3,250

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

40. Award: 1.00 point

At the end of Year 2, retained earnings for the Baker Company was \$3,500. Revenue earned by the company in Year 2 was \$1,500, expenses paid during the period were \$800, and dividends paid during the period were \$500. Based on this information alone, what was the amount of retained earnings at the beginning of Year 2?

→ ○ \$3,300

) \$3,700

\$2,800

\$3,800

Beginning Retained Earnings + Revenue - Expenses - Dividends = Ending Retained Earnings

Beginning Retained Earnings + \$1,500 - \$800 - \$500 = \$3,500Beginning Retained Earnings = \$3,300

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

Which of the following is not an asset use transaction?

Paying cash dividends

O Paying cash expenses

Paying off the principal of a loan

→ O Paying cash to purchase land

Paying cash to purchase land is an asset exchange transaction.

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-06 Classify business events as asset source, use, or exchange transactions.

42. Award: 1.00 point

Borrowing cash from the bank is an example of which type of transaction?

→ O Asset source

O Claims exchange

O Asset use

Asset exchange

Borrowing cash is an asset source transaction that increases a business's assets (cash) and increases its liabilities (notes payable).

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-06 Classify business events as asset source,
		use, or exchange transactions.

43. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following could describe the effects of an asset exchange transaction on the accounting equation?

	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
A.	+/-		n/a		n/a
B.	+		n/a		+
C.	-		n/a		_
D	+		+		n/a

→ Option A

Option B

Option C

Option D

An asset exchange transaction is one that increases one asset account and decreases another, resulting in no net change in assets. There are no changes to the company's liabilities and stockholders' equity either.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective use, or exchange

Learning Objective: 01-06 Classify business events as asset source, use, or exchange transactions.

Which of the following does not describe the effects of an asset use transaction on the accounting equation?

			Balance Sheet					Income Statement		
	Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Equity	Revenue	-	Expense	=	Net Income
A.	-	=	-	+	NA	NA	-	NA	=	NA
B.	-	=	-	+	NA	NA	-	NA	=	NA
C.	-	=	NA	+	-	NA	-	+	=	-
D.	NA	=	+	+	NA	+	-	+	=	-

_		
\sim	Option	Λ

Option B

Option C

→ O Option D

An asset use transaction is one that decreases a business's assets and decreases either liabilities or stockholders' equity. An asset use transaction may or may not affect expenses. If the asset account decreased is cash, there will be an effect on cash flows.

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-06 Classify business events as asset source, use, or exchange transactions.
Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-10 Record business events using a horizontal financial statements model.

45. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following cash transactions results in an increase to one asset account and a decrease to another asset account?

- O Borrowing cash from a bank
- O Issuing common stock for cash
- → O Purchasing land for cash
 - O Providing services for cash

Purchasing land for cash is an asset exchange transaction that does not affect total assets. The asset (land) increases and the asset (cash) decreases. Borrowing cash, issuing stock, and providing services for cash are all asset source transactions that increase assets.

References

 Multiple Choice
 Difficulty: 1 Easy
 Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.

48.

Which of the following items	appears in the investing activities	section of the statement of cash flows?
Cash inflow from int	erest revenue.	
Cash inflow from the	e issuance of common stock.	
Cash outflow for the	payment of dividends.	
→ Cash outflow for the	e purchase of land.	
Purchasing land (a long-lived nterest revenue is an operat		tivity. Issuing common stock and paying dividends are both financing activities. Cash inflow from
References		
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.
Award: 1.00 point		
		activities of \$11,400 and a net decrease in cash from financing activities of \$1,300. If the beginning \$12,400, respectively, what is the net cash change from investing activities?
→ O An outflow or decre	ase of \$900.	
An inflow or increas	e of \$1,300.	
O An inflow or increas	e of \$900.	
O Zero.		
cash balance	/– Increase or decrease from inve	Decrease from financing activities +/- Increase or decrease from investing activities = Ending sting activities = \$12,400
References		
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.
Award: 1.00 point		
		activities of \$10,000 and a net decrease in cash from financing activities of \$2,000. If the 4,000 and \$11,000, respectively, what is the net cash change from investing activities?
→ O An outflow or decre	ase of \$1,000.	
An inflow or increas	e of \$2,000.	
O An inflow or increas	e of \$1,000.	

Beginning cash balance + Increase from operating activities - Decrease from financing activities +/- Increase or decrease from investing activities = Ending cash balance \$4,000 + \$10,000 - \$2,000 +/- Increase or decrease from investing activities = \$11,000 \$1,000 = Decrease from investing activities

References

O Zero

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.

The year-end financial statements of Calloway Company contained the following elements and corresponding amounts: Assets = \$39,000; Liabilities = ?;
Common Stock = \$6,900; Revenue = \$14,800; Dividends = \$1,700; Beginning Retained Earnings = \$4,700; Ending Retained Earnings = \$8,900.
Based on this information, the amount of expenses on Callowav's income statement was

\$500.

\$4,200.

\$11,600.

→ ○ \$8,900.

Beginning retained earnings + Revenue – Expenses – Dividends = Ending retained earnings 44,700 + 14,800 - 14,

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.	Learning Objective: 01-10 Record business events using a horizontal financial statements model.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.	

50. Award: 1.00 point

The year-end financial statements of Calloway Company contained the following elements and corresponding amounts: Assets = \$50,000; Liabilities = ?; Common Stock = \$15,000; Revenue = \$22,000; Dividends = \$1,500; Beginning Retained Earnings = \$3,500; Ending Retained Earnings = \$7,500. Based on this information, the amount of expenses on Calloway's income statement was:

\$18,500.

\$13,000.

→ ○ \$16,500.

\$10,000.

Beginning retained earnings + Revenue – Expenses – Dividends = Ending retained earnings 3,500 + 22,000 - Expenses - 1,500 = 7,500 Expenses = 6,500

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

The year-end financial statements	of Calloway Company of	contained the following	elements and co	orresponding amounts: A	Assets = \$24,000; L	_iabilities = ?
Common Stock = \$5 400: Revenue	= \$11 800. Dividends =	\$950. Beginning Reta	ined Farnings = \$	3 950: Ending Retained	4 Farnings = \$7400	

The amount of liabilities reported on the end-of-period balance sheet was:

\$18,600.

\$14,650.

\$16,600.

→ (\$11,200.

Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock + Ending Retained Earnings \$24,000 = Liabilities + \$5,400 + \$7,400 Liabilities = \$11,200

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet

52. Award: 1.00 point

The year-end financial statements of Calloway Company contained the following elements and corresponding amounts: Assets = \$50,000; Liabilities = ?; Common Stock = \$15,000; Revenue = \$22,000; Dividends = \$1,500; Beginning Retained Earnings = \$3,500; Ending Retained Earnings = \$7,500.

The amount of liabilities reported on the end-of-period balance sheet was:

→ () \$27,500.

\$31,500.

\$35,000

\$42,500.

Assets = Liabilities + Common Stock + Ending Retained Earnings \$50,000 = Liabilities + \$15,000 + \$7,500 Liabilities = \$27,500

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

53. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following financial statements provides information about a company as of a specific point in time?

O Income statement

→ O Balance sheet

Statement of cash flows

O Statement of changes in stockholders' equity

The balance sheet provides information about a company as of a specific point in time, the other three statements provide information about a period of time such as a month, a quarter, or a year.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

Kelly Company	experienced	the following	events	during its	first acc	ountina	period

- (1) Issued common stock for \$10,000 cash.
- (2) Earned \$8,000 of cash revenue.
- (3) Paid \$1,000 cash to purchase land. (4) Paid cash dividends amounting to \$500.
- (5) Paid \$4,400 of cash expenses.

Based on this information, what is the amount of net income?

\$2,100

\$2,600

→ ○ \$3,600

\$5,600

Net income = Revenues of \$8,000 - Expenses of \$4,400 = \$3,600. Expenses are economic sacrifices incurred to produce revenue. In this case, the company's sacrifice was a decrease in assets (cash). Note that dividends are not expenses. Dividends are not paid in order to produce revenue. Instead they are transfers of wealth from the business to its owners. Purchasing land is not an expense because it is not an economic sacrifice incurred to produce revenue.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a
		statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

55. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following shows the effects of paying a cash dividend on the balance sheet and income statement?

			Balance S	heet		Income Statement			
	Assets	=	Liabilities	+ Stockho	olders' Equity	Revenue	Expense	=	Net Income
A.	-		+		n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a
B.	-		n/a		-	n/a	+		-
C.	-		n/a		+	n/a	+		-
D.	-		n/a		-	n/a	n/a		n/a

Option A

Option B

Option C

→ O Option D

A cash dividend decreases the asset account Cash and decreases the stockholders' equity account Retained Earnings. Paying a dividend is not recognized as an expense. Therefore, it has no effect on the income statement.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet Which of the following shows the effects of providing services for cash on the balance sheet and income statement?

	Balance Sheet					Income Statement				
	Assets	=	Liabilities	+ Stockhold	lers' Equity	Revenue	Expense	=	Net Income	
A.	+		n/a	n	/a	+	n/a		+	
B.	+		n/a		+	+	n/a		+	
C.	-		n/a		+	n/a	+		-	
D.	+		n/a		+	n/a	n/a		n/a	

	Option	Δ

→ Option B

Option C

Option D

Providing services for cash increases assets (Cash) and stockholders' equity (Retained Earnings). It also increases revenues, which increases net income.

References

Multiple Choice

Learning Objective: 01-07
Prepare an income statement, a
statement of changes in
stockholders equity, and a
balance sheet.

57. Award: 1.00 point

The statement of changes in stockholders' equity shows changes in which of the following accounts?

- Retained Earnings and Assets
- Assets and Liabilities
- → Common Stock and Retained Earnings
 - O Liabilities and Common Stock

Stockholders' equity is made up of two accounts: Common Stock and Retained Earnings. The statement of changes in stockholders' equity shows changes in those two accounts over the period.

References

 Multiple Choice
 Difficulty: 1 Easy
 Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

58. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following transactions would be reported on the statement of changes in stockholders' equity?

- O Borrowed \$5,000 cash from the bank
- → Paid a \$100 cash dividend to the stockholders
 - O Purchased land for \$2,000 cash
 - Paid \$1,500 cash to pay off a portion of its note payable

Dividends are reported as a deduction from retained earnings on the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. The other transactions listed (borrowing cash from the bank, purchasing land for cash and paying off a portion of a note payable) do not affect stockholders' equity.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

61.

Dividends are reported on wh	nich financial statement?	
O Balance Sheet		
O Income Statement		
→ O Statement of Change	es in Stockholders' Equity	
O Both the income state	ement and statement of change	es in stockholders' equity
Dividends are reported as a d	eduction from retained earning	ps on the statement of changes in stockholders' equity.
References		
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.
		Statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.
Award: 1.00 point		
Salaries expense appears in t	he:	
O Liabilities section of t	he balance sheet	
Financing activities s	ection of the statement of cash	flows
Asset section of the I	balance sheet	
→ O Expense section of the	ne income statement	
The income statement matche	es revenue (benefits) with the e	expenses (sacrifices) that were incurred to generate the revenue.
References		
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.
Award: 1.00 point		
At the beginning of Year 2, Jo following transactions occurred		common stock of \$300,000 and a balance of retained earnings of \$15,000. During Year 2, the
· Issued common stock for \$9		
 Earned net income of \$50,00 Paid dividends of \$8,000 Issued a note payable for \$2 		
		lders' equity on December 31, Year 2?
_	,	
\$147,000		
\$357,000		
\$427,000→ \$447,000		
→ O \$447,000		
		+ Ending Retained Earnings. First, ending common stock is calculated as: Beginning common 10,000. Next, ending retained earnings is calculated as follows. Beginning retained earnings of

The total stockholder's equity equals Ending Common Stock + Ending Retained Earnings. First, ending common stock is calculated as: Beginning common stock + Common stock is sued or \$300,000 = \$390,000 = \$390,000. Next, ending retained earnings is calculated as follows. Beginning retained earnings of \$50,000 - Dividends of \$8,000 = Ending retained earnings of \$57,000. Finally, ending common stock of \$390,000 + Ending retained earnings of \$57,000 = Total stockholders' equity of \$447,000. Paying back a portion of a note payable does not affect stockholders' equity and therefore it is not included in the calculation.

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Which of the following accounts are permanent?									
→ O Retained earnings									
O All income statemen	All income statement accounts								
Dividends									
O All balance sheet a	ccounts including dividends.								
	at the end of the accounting pengs at the end of the accounting	riod are permanent accounts. Income statement accounts and dividends are temporary accoun g period.	ıts, as						
Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-09 Distinguish between permanent and temporary accounts.							
Award: 1.00 point									
·	ent of cash flows would the pay	vment of cash dividends be reported?							
In which section of a statem	ent of cash flows would the pay	yment of cash dividends be reported?							
In which section of a statem		yment of cash dividends be reported?							
In which section of a statem. Investing activities Operating activities		yment of cash dividends be reported?							
In which section of a statem. ○ Investing activities ○ Operating activities → ○ Financing activities									
In which section of a statem. ○ Investing activities ○ Operating activities → ○ Financing activities									
In which section of a statem. ○ Investing activities ○ Operating activities → ○ Financing activities ○ Dividends are not re	eported on the statement of ca								
In which section of a statem. ○ Investing activities ○ Operating activities → ○ Financing activities ○ Dividends are not re	eported on the statement of ca	sh flows.							
In which section of a statem. ○ Investing activities ○ Operating activities → ○ Financing activities ○ Dividends are not re	eported on the statement of ca	sh flows.							
In which section of a statem. Investing activities Operating activities Financing activities Dividends are not re Paying cash dividends, and a	eported on the statement of ca any cash exchanged between a	sh flows. a company and its stockholders, is a financing activity.							

64.

Which financial statement matches asset increases from operating a business with asset decreases from operating the business?

O Balance sheet

O Statement of changes in stockholders' equity

 \rightarrow O Income statement

O Statement of cash flows

The income statement matches asset increases from operations (revenues) with asset decreases from operations (expenses).

References

Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet. Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium

The	amount	of	retained	earnings	is	shown	on	the

ncome statement.

O balance sheet.

ostatement of cash flows.

statement of changes in stockholders' equity.

→ O balance sheet and statement of changes in stockholders' equity.

The balance sheet reports a company's assets, liabilities, and stockholders' equity (common stock and retained earnings). The statement of changes in stockholders' equity explains the effects of transactions on stockholders' equity (common stock and retained earnings) during the period.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

66. Award: 1.00 point

Chow Company earned \$4,900 of cash revenue, paid \$2,700 for cash expenses, and paid a \$1,050 cash dividend to its stockholders. Which of the following statements is true?

The net cash inflow from operating activities was \$1,150.

The net cash outflow for investing activities was \$1,050.

→ O The net cash inflow from operating activities was \$2,200.

The net cash outflow for investing activities was \$1,150.

Cash revenue and cash expenses are operating activities. Paying dividends is a financing activity. \$4,900 revenue - \$2,700 expense = \$2,200 cash inflow from operating activities.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.

67. Award: 1.00 point

Chow Company earned \$1,500 of cash revenue, paid \$1,200 for cash expenses, and paid a \$200 cash dividend to its stockholders. Which of the following statements is true?

The net cash inflow from operating activities was \$100.

The net cash outflow for investing activities was \$200.

→ O The net cash inflow from operating activities was \$300.

The net cash outflow for investing activities was \$100.

Cash revenue and cash expenses are operating activities. Paying dividends is a financing activity. \$1,500 revenue - \$1,200 expense = \$300 cash inflow from operating activities.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows

Yi Company provided services to a customer for \$5,500 cash. As a result of this event:

					stockholders'		
- (total assets	ıncreased	ana	totai	Stockholders	equity	r decreased.

- O total assets were unchanged and cash flows from operating activities increased.
- O liabilities decreased and net income increased.
- → O total assets increased and net income increased.

Providing services to a customer for cash increases assets and stockholders' equity on the balance sheet. It also increases revenue, and therefore, net income on the income statement, and increases cash from operating activities on the statement of cash flows.

References

Multiple Choice	Difficulty: 2 Medium	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the
		accounting equation.

69. Award: 1.00 point

During Year 2, Chico Company earned \$2,600 of cash revenue, paid \$1,150 of cash expenses, and paid a \$650 cash dividend to its stockholders. Based on this information alone, which of the following statements is not true?

- Net income amounted to \$1,450.
- O Total assets increased by \$800.
- Cash inflow from operating activities was \$1,450.
- → Cash outflow from financing activities was \$800.

Cash from operating activities increased by \$1,450 (or \$2,600 - \$1,150). Revenue of \$2,600 minus Expenses of \$1,150 =Net income of \$= \$1,450). Total assets increased by \$800 (or \$2,600 - \$1,150 - \$650). Cash from financing activities decreased by \$650.

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.	Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.	

During Year 2, Chico Company earned \$1,950 of cash revenue, paid \$1,600 of cash expenses, and paid a \$150 cash dividend to its stockholders. Based on this information alone, which of the following statements is not true?

Net income amounted to \$350.

O Total assets increased by \$200.

Cash inflow from operating activities was \$350.

→ Cash outflow from financing activities was \$200.

Cash from operating activities increased by \$350 (or \$1,950 - \$1,600). Revenue of \$1,950 minus Expenses of \$1,600 = Net increased by \$200 (or \$1,950 - \$1,600 - \$150). Cash from financing activities decreased by \$150.

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.	Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.	

71. Award: 1.00 point

Which of the following items would appear in the financing activities section of the statement of cash flows?

- Cash outflow for the purchase of land.
- Cash inflow from sales revenue
- → Cash inflow from issuance of common stock
 - Cash outflow for the payment of accounts payable

Financing activities include obtaining cash (inflow) from owners or paying cash (outflow) to owners (dividends). A cash inflow from issuing common stock is classified as a financing activity.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Lea	arning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.
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72. Award: 1.00 point

Glavine Company repaid a bank loan with cash. How should the cash flow from this event be shown on the horizontal financial statements model?

- O As an operating activity that decreases cash, decreases stockholders' equity, and decreases net income.
- → O As a financing activity that decreases cash and decreases liabilities.
 - As a financing activity that decreases cash, decreases stockholders' equity, and decreases net income.
 - As an investing activity that decreases cash and decreases liabilities.

Repaying a bank loan is a cash outflow for financing activities that decreases assets and decreases liabilities.

References

Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows

Retained Earnings at the beginning and ending of the period were \$1,000 and \$2,100, respectively. If revenues were \$3,900 and dividends paid to stockholders were \$900, what was the amount of expenses for the period?

\$1,100.

\$2,800.

→ ○ \$1,900.

\$3,000.

Beginning retained earnings of \$1,000 + Revenues of \$3,900 - Expenses - Dividends of \$900 = Ending retained earnings of \$2,100 Expenses = \$1,900

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

74. Award: 1.00 point

Retained Earnings at the beginning and ending of the period were \$300 and \$800, respectively. If revenues were \$1,100 and dividends paid to stockholders were \$200, what was the amount of expenses for the period?

\$500

→ ○ \$400

) \$900

\$700

Beginning retained earnings of \$300 + Revenues of \$1,100 - Expenses - Dividends of \$200 = Ending retained earnings of \$800; Expenses = \$400

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 3 Hard	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

Yowell Company began operations on January 1, Year 1. During Year 1, the company engaged in the following cash transactions:
1) issued stock for \$60,000 2) borrowed \$35,000 from its bank 3) provided consulting services for \$59,000 cash 4) paid back \$25,000 of the bank loan 5) paid rent expense for \$14,000 6) purchased equipment for \$22,000 cash 7) paid \$4,000 dividends to stockholders 8) paid employees' salaries of \$31,000
What is Yowell's net cash flow from operating activities?
O Inflow of \$45,000
→ O Inflow of \$14,000
O Inflow of \$10,000
O Inflow of \$28,000
Net cash flow from operating activities = \$59,000 inflow from consulting services - \$14,000 outflow for rent expense - \$31,000 outflow for salaries expense \$14,000 inflow References
Multiple Choice Difficulty: 2 Medium Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.
Award: 1.00 point
Yowell Company began operations on January 1, Year 1. During Year 1, the company engaged in the following cash transactions:
1) issued stock for \$40,000 2) borrowed \$25,000 from its bank 3) provided consulting services for \$39,000 cash 4) paid back \$15,000 of the bank loan 5) paid rent expense for \$9,000 6) purchased equipment for \$12,000 cash 7) paid \$3,000 dividends to stockholders 8) paid employees' salaries of \$21,000
What is Yowell's net cash flow from operating activities?
O Inflow of \$6,000
→ O Inflow of \$9,000
O Inflow of \$18,000
O Inflow of \$30,000

Net cash flow from operating activities = \$39,000 inflow from consulting services - \$9,000 outflow for rent expense - \$21,000 outflow for salaries expense = \$9,000 inflow

References

Multiple Choice

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 01-08 Prepare a statement of cash flows.

Yowell Company began	operations on	lanuary 1 \	Year 1 [Durina Ye	ar 1 the compa	anv engaged	l in the follow	ina cash	transactions

- 1) issued stock for \$58,000
- 2) borrowed \$34,000 from its bank
- 3) provided consulting services for \$57,000 cash 4) paid back \$24,000 of the bank loan
- 5) paid rent expense for \$13,500
- 6) purchased equipment for \$21,000 cash
- 7) paid \$3,900 dividends to stockholders

8) paid employees' salaries of \$30,000

What is Yowell's notes payable balance at the end of Year 1?

→ ○ \$10,000

() \$0

\$34,000

\$24,000

Beginning notes payable balance of \$0 + Loan of \$34,000 - Repayment of loan of \$24,000 = Ending notes payable balance of \$10,000.

References

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a balance sheet.

78. Award: 1.00 point

Yowell Company began operations on January 1, Year 1. During Year 1, the company engaged in the following cash transactions:

- 1) issued stock for \$40,000
- 2) borrowed \$25,000 from its bank
- 3) provided consulting services for \$39,000 cash
- 4) paid back \$15,000 of the bank loan
- 5) paid rent expense for \$9,000
- 6) purchased equipment for \$12,000 cash 7) paid \$3,000 dividends to stockholders
- 8) paid employees' salaries of \$21,000

What is Yowell's notes payable balance at the end of Year 1?

balance sheet.

O \$0

\$25,000

(\$15,000)

→ ○ \$10,000

Beginning notes payable balance of \$0 + Loan of \$25,000 - Repayment of loan of \$15,000 = Ending notes payable balance of \$10,000.

Multiple Choice	Learning Objective: 01-04 Show how business events affect the accounting equation.
Difficulty: 1 Easy	Learning Objective: 01-07 Prepare an income statement, a statement of changes in stockholders equity, and a